



# Brushless Electronic Speed Controller (ESC) Operating Manual

### Scorpion Tribunus III (14 Cell) ESC SBEC Series

Tribunus III 14-150A / 14-220A User guide

#### SAFETY

- Scorpion and their re-sellers are not responsible for your use of this product, or sustained damage or injury as a result of its usage.
- Understand that an electric motor that is connected to a battery and Electronic Speed Controller (ESC) may start unexpectedly and cause serious injuries. Always treat them with necessary respect. Keep the propeller away from your body and others at all times.
- We suggest that you remove the propeller when you are working on an airplane with the battery connected.
- We suggest that you remove the pinion when working on a Helicopter with the battery connected.
- Please observe all local laws regarding the flying of UAV (Unmanned Aerial Vehicle) aircraft.
- Never fly over others or near crowds.

#### Included in the Box

1 x Tribunus III ESC (SBEC) 1 x Master and Slave BEC cable 1 x Mounting Hardware Set 1 x Thank you card

#### Features of Tribunus III ESC SBEC

- All new PCB design with improved heat transfer techniques for reducing operational temperature, and improving the power rating of the ESC.
- High Strength BEC with programable voltage range from 5V – 12V / OFF (see page #4 for specifications)
- 3. Dedicated Cooling Fan port with temperature controlled enabling.
- 4. Aluminum Heat Sink and case with mounting tabs and Fan mounting holes.
- 5. Wide input Voltage range (see page #4 for specifications)
- 32-bit processor enable superb protection features such as over current, over voltage (limitations apply), de-mag / de-sync, temperature protection, etc
- Dynamic Frequency / Dynamic Timing Auto adjust in real time to provide peak efficiency and torque in all situations.



- 8. Build in phase sensor (RPM sensor) on the slave cable signal wire for connecting to external governors, or monitoring RPM via Telemetry
- 9. High Current, with over current protection
- 10. Built in temperature sensor with adjustable temperature protection
- Airplane / Airplane with Reverse / Helicopter Modes. Stored / Unstored Governor Mode, External Governor Mode.
- 12. Utilizes Morse Code for Communication / Error Warnings
- Full Telemetry read out with compatible devices such as Mikado Vbar Control, Futaba, Jeti, FR.Sky, JR DMSS or to many other systems (with 3rd party converters or to any micro controller via Unsolicited Telemetry Protocol) (email <u>support@spihk.com</u> for more information).
- 14. Full Data Logging which can be pulled from the ESC and saved / exported (.CSV)
- 15. Downloadable PC program and Android Apps
- PC Connectivity / Android Connectivity (OTG cable needed), with USB C cable. Or connect via Vlink II cable + Diode adaptor cable (sold separately)
- 17. Programable via Mikado Vbar Control Radio (Scorpion Telemetry cable required)
- Upgradeable Firmware (using Sproto Software)

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### **Operating Manual**

# **1.Initial Warnings / Recommendations**

ESC's have energized circuits, and hot surfaces that may cause serious injury to people during operation. Therefore, it is recommended that transportation, storage, installation, operation and maintenance services are always performed by qualified personnel. Also the applicable procedures and relevant standards of the country where the machine will be installed must be considered. Noncompliance with the recommended procedures in this manual and other references on the Scorpion website may cause severe personal injuries and/or substantial property damage and may void the product warranty.

For practical reasons, it is not possible to include in this Manual detailed information that covers all construction variables nor covering all possible assembly, operation or maintenance alternatives. This Manual contains only the required information that allows qualified and trained personnel to carry out their services. The product images are shown for illustrative purpose only.

The user is responsible for the correct definition of the installation environment and application characteristics.

During the warranty period, all repair, overhaul and reclamation services must be carried out by Scorpion authorized Service Centers to maintain validity of the warranty.

### Warning Symbol

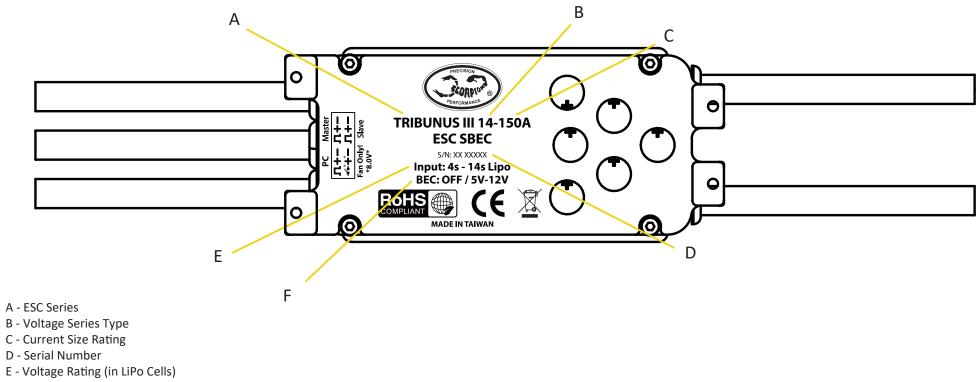
Warning about safety and warranty.

# **2.**Receiving Inspection

- All ESC are tested during the manufacturing process. The ESC must be checked when received for any damage that may have occurred during the transportation.
- All damages must be reported either to the reseller you have purchased the product from, or directly via email to support@spihk.com
- Check that the packaging is not excessively damaged.
- Check that the ESC type matches your purchase order.

# **3.ESC Laser Engraving**

The Laser Engraving on the ESC contains information that describes the voltage and current rating.



F - BEC Voltage Range

The Laser engraving shows the identification, and the most important size data. The name plate also defines manufacturing year of the ESC. The first two letter in the serial number, shows the manufacturing date code. The remaining numbers show the serial number of the specific production lot. Please contact us at support@spihk.com for date code information.

# **4.Safety Instructions**

The ESC and related components must be disconnected from the power supply and be completely stopped before conducting any installation or maintenance procedures. Additional measures should be taken to avoid accidental motor starting.

Professionals working with installations, either in the assembly, operation or maintenance, should use proper tools and be instructed on the application of standards and safety requirements, including the use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) that must be carefully observed in order to reduce risk of personal injury during these services.

Electric ESC have energized circuits and hot surfaces that may cause serious injury to people during normal operation. It is recommended that transportation, storage, installation, operation and maintenance services are always performed by qualified personnel.

Always follow the safety, installation, maintenance and inspection instructions in accordance with the applicable standards in each country.

# **5.Installation Safety Considerations**

- The ESC is intended for installation and use by personnel familiar with general knowledge of Brushless ESCs and the respective use case application.
- The temperature of the outer casing of the ESC may be too hot to touch during normal operation and especially after shut-down.
- Be aware of rotating parts of the motor and attached accessories.
- Do not touch the connectors or exposed wires while energized.

# Before start-up, please check that

- The ESC is in good working order, and all wires and connectors are well insulated and properly installed.
- The motor which the ESC is connected to is adequately sized for the power rating of the ESC, and is properly programmed for your intended application.
- The propeller / gear train / or other mechanism which is connected to the motor are free and clear from any obstructions, and away from body parts.

# **ESC Specifications**

Model Type	Tribunus III 14-150A	Tribunus III 14-220A	
Lipo Battery	13-61 Volts		
Current Rating (Continuous / Peak)	150A / 200A Peak 220A / 300A Peak		
BEC Voltage Range	Programable - OFF / 5.0 / 6.2 / 7	2 / 8.4 / 8.8 / 10.0 / 11.0 / 12.1 Volt	
BEC Rating (Continuous / Peak)	15A / 3	30A Peak	
Resistance	0.6mOhms *2	0.55mOhms *2	
Weight (without wires / with wires)	148g / 218g	194g / 294g	
Size	40.0 / 77.1 / 29.9mm	46.1 / 80.7 / 32.3 mm	
Mounting Tab Dimensions	4 x M3 86.0 x 16.0 (batt side) / 24.0 (motor side) mm	4 x M3 26.0 x 89.0 mm	
Temperature controlled Fan	Available (always 8.0V regard	less of BEC Voltage, 0.4A Rating)	
Program Cut Type	from 3	30-100%	
Cut off delay	1000ms-65000ms		
Protection Features	Adjustable Protections: Temperature, Voltage, Current, Capacity Fixed Internal Protections: Temperature (maximum), De-Sync, De-Mag, Phase Current, etc.		
Airplane modes	Airplane Mode / Airpl	ane with Reverse Mode	
Drag Break	Available on Airplane Mode only		
Acceleration Speed	100ms-1000ms		
Active Free Wheeling (PWM mode)	Always on for Helicopter Mode, selectable for Airplane mode		
Heli Gov Mode	Scorpion Internal Gov /	VBAR Gov / External Gov	
Soft Start	Only Availabl	e on Heli Mode	
Acceleration Speed	Fast, Medium, Slow	, Custom Programable	
Bail out mode	Fast, Medium, Slow	, Custom Programable	
Governor Gains	Available on Heli mode:	Soft, Default, Hard, Custom	
Rotation	CW / CCW p	programmable	
Timing	5deg - 30 deg	Dynamic Timing	
Frequency	8kHz - 32kHz Dynamic Frequency		
Data Logging	RPM, Throttle %, Voltage, Current, Temperature, Output Power, Mah, Errors		
Data Logging Export Format	.TGB (sproto) / .CSV		
Telemetry Communication Protocol	Mikado VBAR / Futaba SBUS 2 / Jeti EX Bus / FR.Sky / JR DMSS / Unsolicited		
Input Signal (Master Cable)	1000μs - 2000μs PWM (programable)		
Phase (RPM) Signal	Available (Signal wire of Slave Cable)		
MAX RPM	240,000 Electrical RPM		

# 1.0 Connecting your ESC

\*Please refer to the diagram on the next page to properly connect your ESC.

#### 1.1 Add your battery connector

You must attach a suitable battery connector of your choice to the red (positive) and black (negative) power wires. Mount the battery connector to the wires. ENSURE THAT THE POLARITY IS CORRECT (red wire (positive) to battery red wire (positive), black wire (negative) to battery black wire (negative)). **This ESC does not have reverse polarity protection, and plugging in reverse polarity will damage and void your ESC warranty.** 

NOTE: Do not add excessive length of wire between your Battery and ESC without proper precautions. Doing so without the required precautions can cause voltage fluctuations which may damage your ESC and void the warranty. See more info in Section 20.

#### **1.2 Connect Motor to ESC**

We recommend using bullet connectors to connect your ESC to your motor as most of the Scorpion motors come with pre-installed bullet connectors that include a female set for your ESC. Solder the corresponding connectors for your motor to the phase wires coming from the ESC, or solder the phase wires directly to the motor leads. ESC direction can be simply reversed in ESC programing. Once connected DO NOT allow any exposed wire or connectors to contact each other! Ensure that a proper insulation material (such as heat shrink) is around each of the three wires. Failure to do so will cause the ESC to malfunction and void your warranty.

NOTE: If your Motor must be placed far from the battery, it is better for the excessive wire length to be be tween the ESC and the Motor, rather than the Battery and ESC. If doing this, then ensure the phase wires are equal length, and not wrapped around each other.

#### 1.3 Connect to your Receiver / External Governor / Telemetry Port

Master BEC Port (Master Cable = a red plastic connector) = Throttle Signal + BEC power

- Connect to Throttle Channel on RX / Gyro

Slave BEC Port (Slave Cable = a black plastic connector) = RPM Signal + BEC Power

- Connect to External Governor / RPM port. (Ensure the RPM port is suited to take BEC power, and if not, separate the +/- cables from the signal wire, and plug them into another port).
- You may unplug the yellow (signal) wire on the slave cable if you do not use the RPM signal for telemetry or external governor.

If you have external flight system battery, then you can disable the BEC in programing.

#### PC Port (data port) = Telemetry Data

- Depending on your Transmitter System / Gyro used, the cabling used to connect, will be different.
- Mikado VBC radio system use a specific Scorpion Telemetry Cable
- Other radio systems (Futaba / Jeti / FR.Sky / JR DMSS ) use different Cable for connection (See Futaba, Jeti, FR.Sky and JR DMSS Telemetry Guides for more details)
- Some FBL/ Radio system, use only the signal wire from the PC port (brain / ikon)
- Please be sure to research about the telemetry protocol for your specific Transmitter system if you are unsure.

#### 1.4 Ensure Proper Cooling and / or Mount the Cooling Fan

- The ESC must have direct access to natural airflow cooling to operate at the rated specifications. Ensure to use adequate baffling and entry / exit venting to ensure the ESC has access to at least 35m/s of airflow.
- If you do not have enough airflow you must use the Dual Cooling Fan with entry / exit venting.
   \*NOTE: The cooling fan assists in cooling but can not, by itself, fully replicate adequate airflow cooling.
- Failure to properly cool your ESC will significantly reduce the current capabilities and your <u>warranty may be voided</u>. See section 17 for more information.
- The Fan port of ESC outputs 8.0V at all times regardless of BEC voltage. Maximum Output 0.4A
- Pay attention to the plug orientation. If you plug the fan with the ground wire toward the switch symbol, it will be temperature controlled. If you plug the ground wire towards the ground (-) symbol, the fan will be always on.

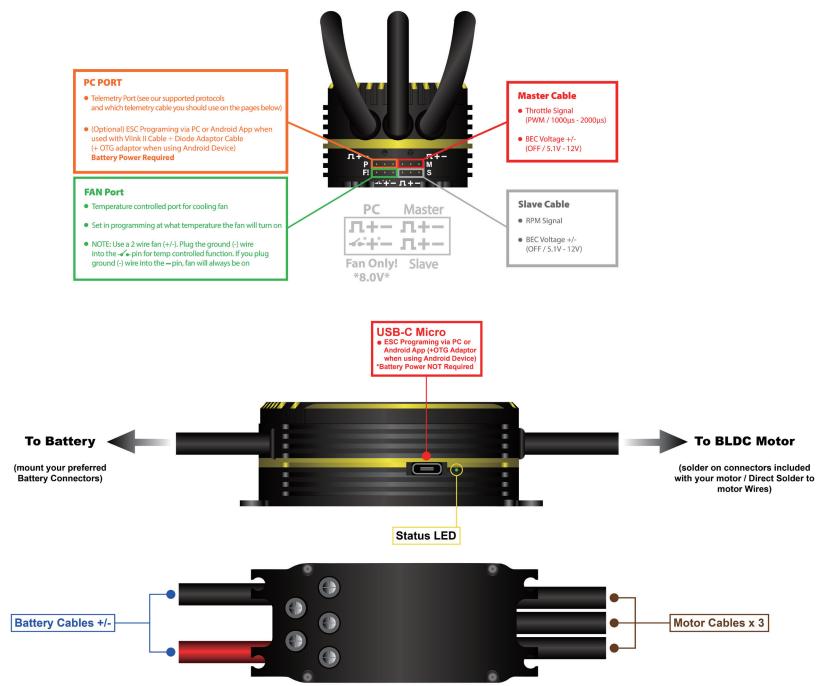
#### 1.5 Mounting the ESC

Mount the ESC in an area of your model which has access to airflow with the Heatsink side of the controller facing outward. We recommend using the integrated mounting tabs with included hardware to attach to the airframe for secure mounting and easy removal.

#### 1.6 Tribunus ESC BEC

For safety reasons we recommend using a Scorpion backup guard II. The Backup guard can be used on any BEC voltage from 5.1 to 12.1V. Make sure that the Backup guard II Lipo is charged. Also make sure all used RC components are designed to run at the set BEC voltage. *NOTE : The induction voltage cause by some servos on the market could activate the protection of the BEC. Unless 8.4V (or 12.1V if using 12V servo) is specifically required, we highly recommend the BEC voltage set to 7.2V (or 11.0V if using 12V servos) or below to avoid any issues with this possible servo issue. <u>http://www.scorpionsystem.com/blog/?p=7173</u>* 

# **1.1 ESC Connections**



# 2.0 Default Parameters / Initial Setup

#### 2.1 Before you plug in

- 2.1.1 Ensure that your ESC is connected to the proper channel on your receiver.
- 2.1.2 Ensure your battery connectors are mounted properly, and that you plug in with the correct polarity.
- 2.1.3 Ensure you throttle channel is programmed correctly in your radio and you have a clear understanding of all throttle hold, endpoints, signal directions.
- 2.1.4 Ensure your Radio System and Servos can accept the default **5.0V BEC** voltage.
- 2.1.5 When you plug in the ESC, you should expect a "Spark" upon contact. The BEC / RX system will not immediately boot up as the ESC runs system safety checks prior to powering on. The BEC and ESC will only power on after a few seconds.
- 2.1.6 When ESC powers on it will beep the motor and flash the LED on the side with the "Power on Sound" (POS)
  - Power on Sound spells "Voltage" in Morse Code

#### 2.2 Default Parameters

- 2.2.1 Please note the Tribunus III ESC's come with a default Helicopter setup out of the box.
- 2.2.2 If desired you can quickly change to Default Airplane Mode using stick programing. See **Section 2.4** for more information.

	Heli Default	Airplane Default
Mode:	Un-stored Helicopter Governor Airplane Mode	
BEC:	5.0 Volts	
Communication Protocol:	VBAR Telemetry Protocol Unsolicited Telemetry Mode	

\*\*Full list of detailed Settings / Protection Setting are listed on the following pages.\*\*

2.2.3 If you are using **Mikado VBAR control radio** you can skip many of the below steps, (including Throttle Calibration) and program completely the ESC from your VBC.

#### 2.3 Throttle Calibration

You MUST perform throttle range calibration before the first use of the ESC, except if you are using VBAR external governor mode. Remove propeller/pinion from motor or back of pinion from main gear while performing initial throttle range calibration.

**NOTE for Spektrum Users** – You may need to power your RX separately with a separate RX battery during these calibration steps. This is because Spektrum RX output first the "fail safe" setting prior to binding, which can interfere with the calibration process.

- 2.3.1 Turn on transmitter and power up receiver, then set throttle to maximum position be sure that your throttle curve is set at 0% minimum throttle and 100% at maximum throttle.
- 2.3.2 Connect the battery to the ESC. After few seconds you will hear **one** beep. Now move your throttle to the lowest position within a 3 second time period, then you will hear **two** beeps, and POS Morse code come from the motor. This mean your calibration is done. You only need to do this once as throttle range will be stored in the memory of the speed controller. You can reset the throttle range by performing steps 2.3.1 to 2.3.2 again.
- 2.3.3 If using <u>Airplane with Reverse mode</u>, there is additional Calibration Steps. Please see detailed instructions in **Section 22**.

# **2.4** Basic Stick Programing - Airplane Default Mode vs. Helicopter Default Mode

While it is advised to download and use our SPROTO PC / Android App for programing. We now have enabled the option to quickly switch between "Default Airplane Mode" and "Default Helicopter Mode" using simple stick programming.

- 2.4.1 Remove the propeller, or pinion from your motor.
- 2.4.2 Turn on transmitter and power up your receiver (see note above if using Spektrum), then set throttle to maximum position and be sure that your throttle curve is set at 0% minimum throttle and 100% at maximum throttle.
- 2.4.3 **Switching to Default Airplane Mode** Plug the ESC in at full throttle. Leave the throttle stick at 100% until you hear 2 continuous beeps, then lower the throttle stick down to 0% within a 3 second time period then you will hear two beeps, and POS Morse code come from the motor, this mean your ESC has swapped to Airplane Mode.
- 2.4.4 **Switching to Default Helicopter Mode** Plug the ESC in at full throttle. Leave the throttle stick at 100% until you hear 3 continuous beeps, then lower the throttle stick down to 0% within a 3 second time period then you will hear two beeps, and POS Morse code come from the motor, this mean your ESC has swapped to Helicopter Mode.

# 3.0 Download / Registration of SPROTO PC SOFTWARE

- Sproto is our program which supports all the Tribunus ESCs. After downloading the program and installing it, you need to register an account for firmware updates and configuring the settings.
- Make sure you download the latest version of Sproto from <u>https://sproto.net/#/</u>
- If you do no already have a SPROTO Account, then please create one by Clicking the "Register" button.
- NOTE: This is NOT the same account from www.scorpionsystem.com. You need a separate Sproto account.
- After Clicking the Register button, you will be able to set your User name, Email, Language, and Password.
- After clicking "Register" we will send a onetime pass code to your listed email. Please wait a few minutes, and check your email for the code. Be sure to check your spam folder if you do not find the code in your inbox. If you do not receive the code, please try again, and if still you cannot receive the code, then please email us at <u>support@spihk.com</u>
- NOTE : Some email servers block emails from our server. There is nothing which we can do about this. Please try another email, or email us at <u>support@spihk.com</u> and we can help you create and account manually.

Device search	(3) proto		DOWNLOAD	LOGIN	₩
		Device search			





*B	)proto
User name	tribunususer01
Email	scorpion@scorpion.com
Language	English 🔹
Password	Deutsch English
Confirm	Español Français
Login	Italiano 日本語 한국어

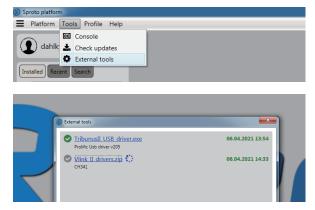
# 3.1 Download the Prolific USB Driver and/ or CH341SER Driver

The drivers <u>SHOULD</u> automatically download when you connect the ESC to the PC via the USB-C cable. Make sure you PC is connected to the internet so the drivers may download, and <u>you may need to wait some time for the installation to complete automatically</u>.



#### If the drivers do not automatically install you can check the below steps for manual installation.

Click TOOLS-> EXTERNAL TOOLS -> then look to see if you have the 2 x drivers installed, signified by the Green Check mark. If not installed, you will need to click on the Blue Hyperlink, and install them.



- The Prolific USB Driver is needed if you will connect with the USB cable to your ESC.
- The Vlink II CH341 Driver is needed if you will use the VlinII cable + Diode Cable.

The Prolific USB driver is directly a .exe file which will automatically open and run.

### VLINK II CH341 Note

With VLINK II CH341 driver you will need to download the zip file, then click into CH341SER -> SETUP.exe, then follow the on-screen instructions.

<u>File Commands Tools</u> Fav <u>o</u> rites Optio <u>n</u> s	Help				
	j 🔍 🔞	Vizard Info		ment SFX	
↑ db76f508-e6f8-4c8a-8200-a69a580	8f594.zip - ZIP archiv	ve, unpacked siz	e 324,504 bytes		
Name	Size	Packed	Туре	Modified	CRC32
<b>)</b>			File folder		
CH341SER	286,390	136,588	File folder	2/20/2012 10:3	
] INSTALL	14,396	5,534	File folder	7/17/2005 11:4	
README.TXT	13,480	4,914	Text Document	12/24/2016 6:4	6B185AE6
README-TC.txt	10,238	4,077	Text Document	12/24/2016 6:4	F0F6C452

db76f508-e6f8-4c8a-8200-a69a5808f594.zip (eva	14.				
<u>File Commands Tools Favorites Options</u>	<u>l</u> elp				
Add Extract To Test View Delete	Find Wi	izard Info	VirusScan Comr		
↑ 🙀 db76f508-e6f8-4c8a-8200-a69a5808f59	4.zip\CH341SER -	ZIP archive, u	npacked size 324,504 b	ytes	
Name	Size	Packed	Туре	Modified	CRC32
퉲			File folder		
DRVSETUP64	42,328	20,093	File folder	2/20/2012 10:3	
CH341PT.DLL	6,712	2,377	Application extens	7/30/2005 12:0	73E535E2
CH341S64.SYS	58,368	28,500	System file	11/5/2011 12:0	4E18EFEA
CH341S98.SYS	19,680	11,562	System file	6/12/2007 12:0	2D6CF845
all ch341SER.CAT	9,822	5,141	Security Catalog	11/25/2011 7:2	C35F3D7E
CH341SER.INF	5,895	1,731	Setup Information	11/4/2011 12:0	2059D17C
S CH341SER.SYS	39,696	22,178	System file	11/5/2011 12:0	4893D364
S CH341SER.VXD	20,089	9,999	Virtual device driver	12/18/2008 12:	97BC4AC4
📧 SETUP.EXE	83,800	35,007	Application	2/15/2012 12:0	B76490D1

# 3.2 (Optional) Download the Tribunus Configurator from Google Play Store

If you use an OTG converter cable, then you can connect the Tribunus to your Android Device and program the ESC from the Tribunus Configurator App from the Google Play Store. Open the App, and when you plug in the ESC to the device (with OTG cable) then the ESC will automatically connect to the app. The app follows the same structure as the Sproto PC program and can be navigated easily.

https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=en.scorpion.tribunusapp3&hl=en&gl=US

# **Tribunus III ESC cofigurator**

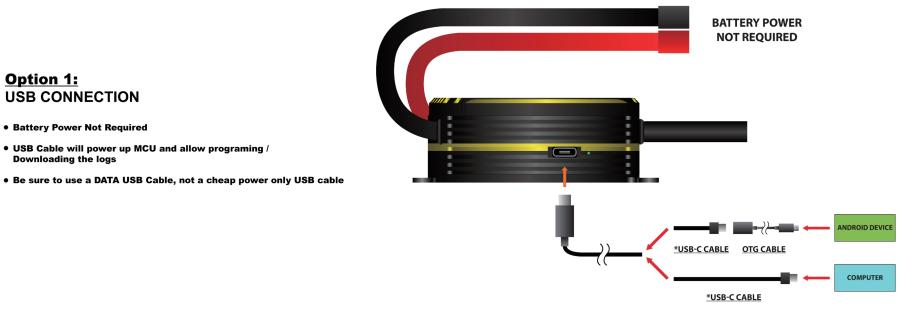




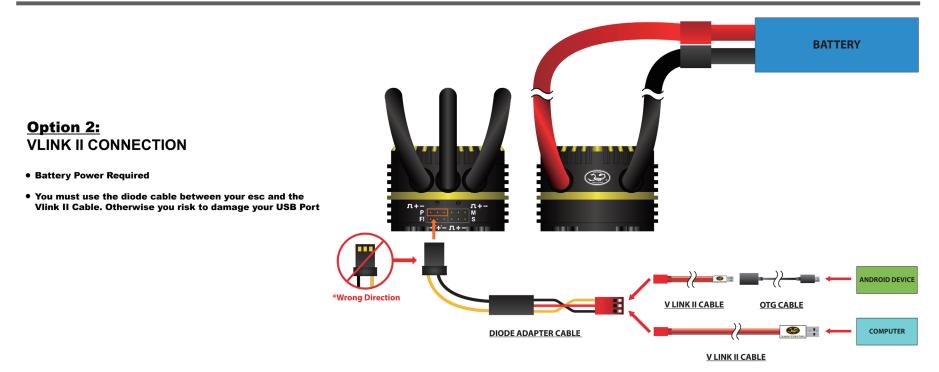


App support  $\vee$ 

# 4.0 Connecting your ESC for Programing



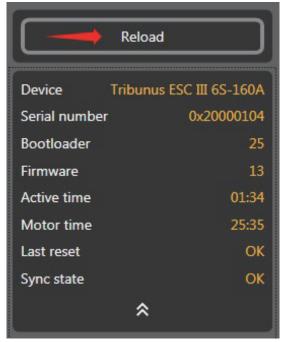
\*Be sure to use a data cable, not a cheap power only cable.



# 5.0 SPROTO Connection

5.1 Hook up your ESC using either a USB-C cable or VLink II Cable as shown in Section 4.0
5.2 Open the SProto Program, and Launch the Tribunus III Configurator App by double clicking on it, or by single clicking, then clicking on the "Play" button





5.4 - If connection does not work the first time, you may try to "Reload" the comport

5.5 – If you do not have success with connecting the ESC, please check our troubleshooting guide on in SECTION 21.

# 6.0 Writing Settings to ESC {IMPORTANT}

NOTE : Anytime you change a parameter, the color of the feature will change from grey to green. After making adjustments you must "Upload" the settings to the ESC. Click the "Upload" button and then the ESC will restart, and then your settings will be saved.



# 7.0 Main Settings

Reload	Upload Set defaults Import Export
Device Tribunus ESC III 65-160A Serial number 0x20000104 Bootloader 25 Firmware 13	A1 Device name Tribunus ESC III 6S-160A
Active time00:04Motor run time26:15Last resetOK	A2 Device mode Heli gov - with prestored maximum RPM V
Sync state OK	A3 BEC voltage 8.4 V
Throttle 0.0 %	A4 Rotation direction CW
Current 0.2 A Power 0.0 %	AS Communication protocol Vbar V
Battery voltage, V 0.0 BEC voltage, V 0.0	A6 Fan on temperature 50 °C
CPU temperature, °C 17 MOSEET temperature, °C 23	

Setting	Function	Description
A1	Device Name	User has simple option to "name" the ESC.
		Adjust which mode you will be using the ESC in.
A2	Device mode*	(Heli Gov – with re calculated maximum RPM / Heli Gov - with Prestored maximum RPM / VBAR PID / External PID / Airplane /Airplane with Reverse/ Boat)
		Set your BEC voltage
A3	BEC Voltage	(5.0/6.2/7.2/8.4 V/8.8V/10.0V/11.0V/12.1V/OFF)
		<b>Note:</b> If setting voltage above 8.4V you must be certain your flight control system and servos, along with all other accessories (fan etc.) can handle the higher voltages! You must check the check box and confirm to "unlock" the higher BEC voltage ranges.
	Detetion Direction	Adjust the direction which your motor spins
A4	Rotation Direction	(CW / CCW)
		Adjust which Telemetry Protocol you will be using
A5	Communication Protocol**	
		(Standard / Vbar / Jeti ex bus / Unsolicited Telemetry / Futaba / FR.Sky / JR DMSS )
A6	Fan on Temperature	Adjust at which temperature the cooling fan will turn on

# 7.1 1B - Device Mode\*

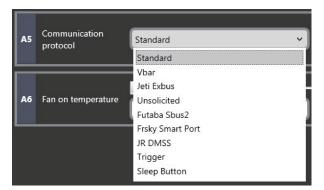
Mode	Description
Heli gov - with recalculated Maximum RPM	Scorpion Internal Heli Gov Mode. While spooling up, ESC calculates predicted max RPM based on battery voltage / Motor Selection. This is a "setup" mode useful for checking your gear ratio / rpm to throttle percentage ratios. ( <i>RPM Value may change</i> <i>each time you spool up the model</i> ) Autorotation Bailout enabled after complete spool up, then switch to 20%-30% throttle. Switch to 0%-10% for normal spool up.
Heli gov - with Prestored Maximum RPM	Scorpion Internal Heli Gov Mode. On first spool up, ESC calculates and then locks the max rpm value. In subsequent flights, the RPM will spool to the same value each time relative to same throttle% <i>The max rpm value can be manually adjusted in Parameter</i> <b>B9 - Governor Maximum RPM</b> See <b>section 8.0</b> for more info. Autorotation Bailout enabled after complete spool up, then switch to 20%-30% throttle. Switch to 0%-10% for normal spool up.
VBAR gov	Mode designed when using VBAR Gov mode. While in this mode, the ESC will have soft start function, but will rely on VBAR governor to control the RPM. (be sure the slave wire is plugged into the RPM port of the Vbar NEO, so that VBAR can properly read the RPM signal)
External gov	Mode designed when using other External Gov Systems (Futaba / Jeti / etc) while in this mode, the ESC will have soft start function, but will rely on the external governor to control the RPM. (be sure the slave wire is plugged into the RPM port of your device, so that device can properly read the RPM signal, be sure to remove vcc/ground from slave wire if using Futaba CGY760!)
Airplane Mode	Airplane Mode provides linear throttle response and fast acceleration.
Airplane with Reverse Mode	Airplane with Reverse Mode provides linear throttle response and fast acceleration with option for reversing function on motor direction. See <b>Section 22</b> , for specific calibration process for this mode.
Boat Mode	Boat Mode provides linear throttle response and fast acceleration with a shortened initialization time period after plugging in battery power.

A2	Device mode	Heli gov - with prestored maximum RPM 🗸
		Heli gov - with recalculated maximum RPM
_		Heli gov - with prestored maximum RPM
		VBAR gov
A3	BEC voltage	External gov
		Airplane
		Airplane - with reverse
		Boat

# 7.2 1E - Communication Protocol/ Telemetry\*\*

Communication Protocol has to do with the data which comes out of the PC port. Select which protocol you wish to use depending on you receiver / control unit. Cabling goes between the PC port of the ESC to the predetermined data port on your RX or Control Unit. The specific cable which is used is dependent on the system which you use. **See our individual guides for specific telemetry use cases**.

Mode	Description	<b>Required Cable</b>
Standard	No telemetry data is sent when in this mode. Select it if no intention of using telemetry.	N/A
VBAR	2-way communication protocol between Tribunus ESC and Mikado VBAR Control Radio System. This allow the ESC settings to be programmed via the remote control, as well as display all telemetry settings in real time.	Vbar Control / Scorpion ESC Cable
Jeti Ex Bus	Telemetry mode designed to work with Jeti Ex Bus System.	"Patch Cable" (male to male servo extension)
Unsolicited*	Unsolicited Telemetry mode. Designed to make telemetry protocol accessible via UART signal, to those who wish to implement it. Such as with an MCU, or ready-made products such as JLOG, Brain FBL, Spektrum (w/ adaptor), etc.	Cabling depends on use case / situation.
Futaba SBUS 2	Telemetry mode designed to work with Futaba SBUS 2. Be sure your Futaba Radio supports Scorpion Telemetry protocol.	"DIY Patch Cable" (male to male servo extension w/ vcc (+) wire removed)
FR.Sky S.Port	Telemetry mode designed to work with FR.Sky S.Port Protocol.	"Patch Cable" (male to male servo extension)
JR DMSS	Telemetry mode designed to work with JR DMSS Telemetry Protocol.	"Patch Cable" (male to male servo extension)
Trigger	Trigger is a special function mode for application where the ESC needs to be operated without a pwm thorttle signal. When this mode is selected, you can plug a button or switch to the PC port, to make contact between the signal (~) and ground (-) of the PC Port. When connected, the ESC will go to the equivalent of "100% Throttle signal". Device mode can be sent independently, and the maximum voltage output must be set by value D9 "Voltage Output Limit"	Switch / Button
Sleep Button	Special function mode to put the ESC into "sleep" mode. When this mode is selected, you can plug a button or switch to the PC port, to make contact between the signal (~) and ground (-) of the PC Port. When connected, the ESC will go to sleep mode.	Switch / Button



# 7.2.1 Unsolicited Telemetry Mode Overview

- Unsolicited Telemetry mode is our own protocol which is designed to make Telemetry Data accessible over UART signal to those who wish to implement our protocol.
- It can be used by developers who wish to access telemetry data via their own Radio / UAV system.
- It is used with various Telemetry Converter Systems, and also with various existing radio systems which have implemented our protocol for you already.

#### IMPORTANT NOTE FOR PROGRAMING WHEN USING UNSOLICITED TELEMETRY MODE

While in Unsolicited Telemetry mode, you can only connect to the PC software via the VLINK II Cable + Diode Cable for **the first 5 seconds after powering on the ESC**. So, you must "connect" to sproto within 5 seconds of powering on the ESC. After these 5 seconds, the ESC stops looking for USB connections, and starts only sending Telemetry data. If you do not connect within the first 5 seconds, then you will need to power off, and try again.

# 7.2.2 Unsolicited Telemetry Use Cases

Spektrum XBUS Telemetry Protocol	Spectrum Telemetry Specification uses a different protocol then us for their telemetry system. To make Scorpion Telemetry Data accessible on your Spectrum Remote Control, we have created the <b>Scorpion Spectrum</b> <b>X-Bus Telemetry Cable</b> . This cable converts our Unsolicited Telem Protocol into Spectrum Telemetry Protocol. Simply select Unsolicited Telem Mode while setting up your Tribunus ESC, and then connect the Scorpion Spectrum X-Bus Telemetry Cable from the PC port of your ESC to the X.BUS port of your Telemetry enabled Spektrum RX and then follow Spektrum Telemetry instructions to setup your radio.						
Telemetry Converter Systems	Some 3 <sup>rd</sup> party companies have implemented our Telemetry protocol into their own products, which can convert the telemetry to various other protocols and system. Such as JLOG, RCLightSystems, etc.						
Telemetry to Microcontroller	Our Telemetry protocol can be implemented easily into your own radio / UAV system with any number of microcontrollers						
Other Radio / FBL Systems	Some radio / FBL system has already implemented our protocol into their system which allows you to connect directly. Be sure to check with your radio / fbl manufacture to see if they support Scorpion Unsolicited Telem.						
Ear mara informati	For more information about our Uncolicited Telemetry Protocol						

For more information about our Unsolicited Telemetry Protocol please email us at <a href="mailto:support@spihk.com">support@spihk.com</a>

# 8.0 Heli Settings

Helicopter settings are only adjustable when using Scorpion's Internal Helicopter Gov with Prestored / Recalculated value.

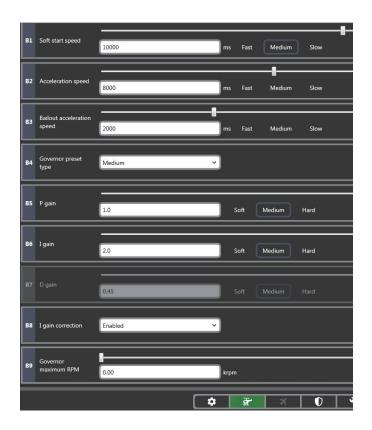
If in Vbar Mode, external gov mode, or airplane / other mode, you will not have access to the Heli Parameters.

You can either click the default presets, Soft/ Medium / Fast (Hard), or you may type in a specific value which you prefer.

Autorotation Bailout enabled after complete spool up, then switch to 20%-30% throttle. Switch to 0%-10% for normal spool up.

Be sure to save the settings to your ESC after adjustment.

**Note:** Tribunus has dynamic timing and frequency, so there is not user adjustable **Timing or Frequency** adjustment. The ESC sets it automatically and dynamically depending on the motor load and rpm.



Parameter	Name	Default Value	Description
B1	Soft Start speed	9,000ms	Adjusts the acceleration speed of the soft start for first 0%-30% of power level.
B2	Acceleration speed	9,000ms	Adjusts the acceleration speed of the soft start between 30% - set throttle % of your throttle curve. This value also effects the speed of rpm change when switching between different throttle % values.
В3	Bailout Acceleration speed	2,000ms	Adjust the speed of the autorotation bailout function Autorotation Bailout enabled after complete spool up, then switch to 20%-30% throttle. Switch to 0%-10% for normal spool up
B4	Governor Preset Type	Medium	Adjust the Governor Sensitivity Presets (Soft / Medium / Hard / Custom)
В5	P gain	1.0	Adjusts the initial response of the headpseed governor. To High Value = Overspeed on initial collective/ cyclic pitch movements To Low Value = RPM Drop on initial collective / cyclic pitch movement
B6	l gain	2.0	Adjust the holding power of the headspeed governor. To High Value = Overspeed on sustained collective / cyclic pitch movements To Low Value = RPM Drop on sustained collective / cyclic pitch movements* (RPM drop in this situation could also be a result of bad gearing / not powerful enough motor / battery)
B7	D gain	0.45	Non - Adjustable
B8	I gain Correction	Enabled	This function is designed to help smoothen the torque changes from governor response. Overly aggressive governor response may cause your tail rotor to kick out under rapid pitch / torque changes. Enabled – Use this mode when doing 3d flying Disabled – Use this mode when you require maximum power regardless of the governor effect on other aspects of flight (example speed flying)
В9	Governor Maximum RPM	0 / max rpm	Calculated Maximum governable rpm of the system. The displayed value depends on which settings you have set in Pole Pairs (E2), and Gear Ratio (E3). If you have Gear ratio / Pole Pairs set to 1 (default) it will show electrical rpms of the motor (Pole Pairs * RPM). If you have pole pairs set, it will show Motor RPM If you have pole pairs, and gear ratio set, it will show main rotor RPM If you have pole pairs, and gear ratio set, it will show main rotor RPM If using "Heli Gov – with recalculated maximum RPM", this value will reset to zero after each power off. Once you run the motor, then the calculated maximum RPM of the model will be set here. Each time you spool up the model, you would have a slightly different RPM depending on the initial voltage of the battery. If using "Heli Gov - with prestored maximum RPM", this value will set itself to the calculated maximum RPM of the model on first spool up. RPM will be the same value relative to your throttle % value each flight. Note: Some motor designs will cause the Tribunus to calculate a wrongly predicted max RPM value. In this case, if the user wants to override the Tribunus calculation, you may enter your desired max RPM manually.

# 9.0 Airplane / Airplane with Reverse / Boat Settings

Reload	Upload Set defaults Import Export
Device Tribunus ESC III 6S-160A Serial number 0x20000104	
Bootloader 25 Firmware 13	C1 Drag brake 0 Soft Medium Hard
Active time 1192:35:13	
Motor time         25:35           Last reset         OK	C2 Acceleration 350 ms Fast Medium Slow
Sync state OK	C3 PWM mode Complimentary
Throttle 0.0 %	
Current 0.1 A Power 0.0 %	

The Tab for this page will change depending on the **Device Mode** which you have selected in Adjustment **A2**. If Airplane mode is selected, then "Plane" tab will appear, same respectively for Airplane with Reverse Mode, and Boat Mode. All 3 mode have the same parameters. You can either click the default presets, Soft/ Medium / Fast, or you may type in a specific value which you prefer.

Be sure to SAVE the settings to your ESC after adjustment.

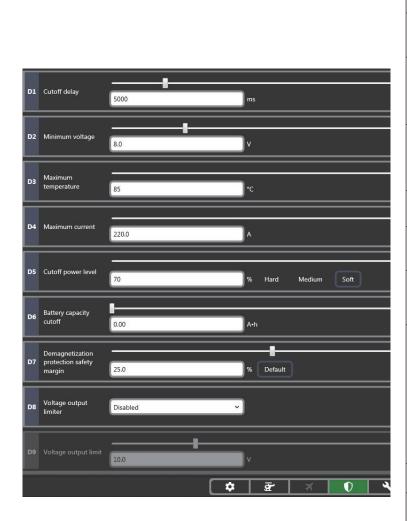
Parameter	Name	Default Value	Description
C1	Drag Brake	0%	Sets the intensity of the "brake" function of the ESC when throttle signal is set to 0%. Note : In complimentary mode, there will be always a braking effect in flight due to the regenerative freewheeling effect even if you set 0% brake force.
C2	Motor Acceleration	350ms	Sets the acceleration speed of the motor. NOTE : Depending on the size / weight of your prop, setting a too low Motor Acceleration value (too fast acceleration) may cause exponentially high phase current values which can damage you ESC and <i>VOID YOUR WARRANTY</i> . <b>Please follow the recommended Motor Acceleration ranges depending on your Propeller size.</b> 100ms-250ms: not recommended 250ms-350ms: 18" prop size and smaller 350ms - 500ms: 18" - 24" prop size 500ms + : 24" prop size and larger
C3	PWM Mode	Complimentary	PWM Mode manages different ways in which the esc handles generated current on RPM deceleration.         Complimentary (recommend) - This is a partial Freewheeling Mode. On RPM deceleration, generate voltage is directed back into the battery. This mode has a mild brake effect on RPM deceleration         Regular - This mode dissipates generated voltage through resistors. It is only recommended when using a power supply rather than a battery to power the ESC.         NOTE: It is dangerous to power your ESC with a Power Supply! If you do this, you must take additional precautions! See note in section 20.0

Note: Tribunus has dynamic Timing and Frequency, so there is not user adjustable Timing or Frequency adjustment. The ESC sets it automatically and dynamically depending on the motor load and RPM.

# **10.0** Protection Settings

Scorpion protection features follow the following procedure. If a value surpasses a protection limit, then the ESC will slowly start to limit the power output of the ESC down to the Power % which is set by D5 – Cut off Power Level, over a period of time which is set by D1 – Cut off Delay. If during this time period the value comes below the protection limit, then the power will be restored. If the value does not come below the protection limit, then the ESC will continue to limit power down to the Power % which is set by D5 – Cut off Power Level. If at any time after this, value goes below the protection limit, then power will be restored.

Cut off Limit is not a fixed value %. It is a multiplication to requested power. So if cut off limit is set to 70%, but you are flying only at 50% throttle, then you will still be aware of the protection limit because your 50% requested power would actually be (50% \* 0.70 = ) 35%.



Parameter	Name	Default Value	Description		
D1	Cut off delay	5000ms	When a value goes over the protection limit, the ESC will slowly start to reduce the power output % to the cut off limit. This value adjust show long this power reduction period takes. (Unit is milliseconds. 5000ms = 5 seconds)		
D2	Minimum voltage	8.0V	Protects against over discharging your battery. Sets the minimum total battery voltage allowed before the ESC engages the protections. NOTE : When setting this value, be sure to take into account that during flight your battery voltage will sag under load. We recommend to not set a minimum voltage protection higher than (3.0V * # of cells)		
D3	Maximum temperature	85C	Protects the ESC from over temperature. NOTE : While the components are rated for temperatures above 100C, consistent use at high temperature increases the rate of degradation. Be sure to use one of our hi-speed cooling fans, or change ESC location to get better natural airflow if your ESC is near the Temperature limit consistently.		
D4	Maximum Current	(depends on ESC size)	Protects the ESC from over temperature. *See detailed explanation on next page*		
D5	Cutoff Power Level	70%	When a protection is engaged, the power is slowly reduced. This value adjusts to which limit the power can be reduced to. Cut off limit is not a fixed % value. It is a multiplication of requested power.		
D6	Battery Capacity Cutoff	0.00Ah	Optional protection to signal to user when his battery is discharged. Set the value of Amps (Ah*1000 = mah) you wish to use. When you reach that limit, then the ESC will reduce the power signifying to you it is time to land. NOTE: If you do not wish to use this function, set 0.00 and it will disable the function.		
D7	Demagnetization Protection Safety Margin	25%	Some motors have demagnetization problems (saturation) which prohibit the ESC from driving them past certain phase current amount. Tribunus ESC have a protection against this which predictively reduces power / cuts power momentarily if the motor is nearing such a state. This value adjusts the safety margin of the demagnetization protection. Lowering the value may allow the ESC to get more power from the motor, but on problematic motors could result in the motor completely saturating, which causes abrupt momentary cuts to the power to prevent ESC failure . Raising the value may prematurely restrict power from the motor, but on problematic motors, it may help keep it from saturating completely, and only cause smoother reduction in power if the motor nears the saturation limit. NOTE: Unless specifically needed, leave this value at 25%!		
D8	Voltage output limiter	Disabled	Enables or Disables the adjustment of value D9 : Voltage Output Limit		
D9	Voltage       10V       Set the maximum Voltage amount which the ESC will pass to the moto equal voltage output regardless of changing voltage levels.         Voltage       10V       Example: If using a 12s Lipo (44.4V - 50.0V), and this value set to 44.4V, the system will have the same voltage to the motor at the start, and the end of providing more equal power capability regardless of the battery charge start				

### **10.1** Maximum Current Protection Algorithm

For Tribunus III series we have implemented a new protection algorithm for Maximum Current. To understand the purpose of this you must first understand the important difference between Battery Current (A), and Phase Current (A). When an ESC drives a motor, the MOSFETS turn ON and OFF power to the different phases of the motor in a specific sequence to rotate the motor. At 100% power, this means that the MOSFET is passing 100% of the battery voltage is to the phases of the motor. For the sake of this example we can say, if you are running 50% power, then this means that the MOSFET is only passing 50% of battery voltage to the phases of the motor.

Since we know Watts = Voltage \* Amps, or in other words Amps = Watts / Voltage then we can calculate the following examples.

**Ex. 1** – If your airplane / helicopter is properly set up, with a correct sized propeller / gear ratio. With a 6s Battery (22.2V), you run 100% throttle, and you motor is pulling 100A under load, then we can calculate the following.

Battery Current - 100A x 22.2V (battery voltage) = 2,220 Watts

Phase Current - 100A x 22.2V (MOSFET voltage) = 2,220 Watts

**Ex 2** – If your airplane / helicopter is improperly setup, with too large of propeller / wrong gear ratio. With 6s Battery (22.2V), you run only 50% throttle, and you're still pulling 100A under load. Keep in mind, since we are at 50% throttle, this means the MOSFETS are only sending 50% of the voltage to the motor phases. Then we can calculate the following.

 Battery Current 2,200 Watts / 22.2V = 100A

 Phase Current 2,200 Watts / 11.1V (MOSFET voltage at 50%) = 200A

As you can see, even though the battery current is the same, the phase current is much higher. When running partial throttle percentages, the phase currents can rise exponentially. Higher phase currents cause more efficiency losses, and higher temperatures not to mention can quickly and easily fail due to excessive load. This is why there is such importance on proper gear ratio / propeller setup.

To combat users who run our ESC product with improper propeller selection / gear ratios we have implemented the following Maximum Current Protections.

### - Maximum Current Protection now additionally regulates calculated PHASE CURRENT, and not only BATTERY CURRENT

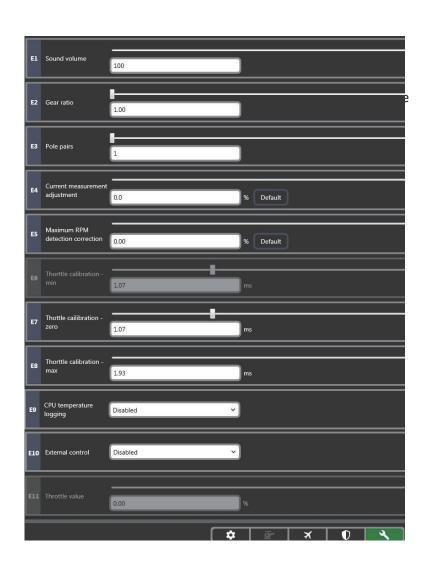
The noticeable effect of this, is that now in terms of battery current, your "maximum current" value can only be achieved when running at 100% throttle. If you are running partial throttle %, with very high load, you may notice that your "battery current" may begin to be regulated far before your "maximum current" value is reached. This is because due to your partial throttle %, the phase current is already exceeding the Current Limit, and therefore the ESC is regulating the power output.

Another effect (in extreme cases) could be you may note slower acceleration. If your acceleration is set to fast / your propeller is very heavy, the phase current to spool up the propeller may exceed the phase current limit, which would enable the protection and effectively "slow down" your throttle acceleration to a rate which does not cause the phase currents to exceed the set limit.

If you notice your power is excessively regulated due to this fact, be sure to check your gear ratio / propeller / power system setup to make sure that it is operating within a healthy and reasonable manner. NOTE: Over Current protection are a feature to protect against immediate failure, however, constantly putting the ESC above its continuous current rating and pushing it often to, and past, the peak current rating (causing the ESC to activate the protections) places additional stress on the ESC, and may lead to premature component degradation and possibly even failure. Be sure your ESC is appropriately sized for your intended application. If you see in your log "CURR" warning constantly, then it means the over current protections are being activated, and your ESC is on the limit of its capability and your model setup should be adjusted.

# **11.0** Configuration Settings

Configuration settings **DO NOT EFFECT** how the ESC drives the motor. They are only calibrations, personal settings, and some other settings. There is no configuration adjustment in the ESC which can make the ESC drive the motor improperly.



Parameter	Name	Default Value	Description
E1	Sound Volume	100	Set the volume of the POS and error codes 0 = off / 100 = full volume
E2	Gear Ratio	1.00	Set the Gear Ratio used in your power system. NOTE: This does not affect how the ESC drive the motor. This only effect how the RPM is displayed in the Log.
E3	Pole Pairs	1	Set the # of pole pairs your motor has. Ex. If you have a 10 pole motor, then you should set 5 pole pairs. NOTE: This does not affect how the ESC drive the motor. This only effect how the RPM is displayed in the Log.
E4	Current Measurement Adjustment	0%	Tribunus ESC's can measure the Current (Amps) your ESC pulls. This data is used for the telemetry and to calculate the MAH used during flight. <i>However, during production there may be tolerance in this measurement,</i> <i>and each ESC may measure slightly different.</i> Adjust this value to compensate for tolerance on the displayed current measuring.
E5	Maximum RPM Detection Correction	0%	In the Recalculated Gov mode (and on the first spool up of Prestored Gov mode), the ESC auto calculates maximum RPM. If this calculation is wrong, you can adjust the % change to calculated Maximum RPM of the governor.
E6	Throttle Calibration MIN	1.07ms	If using the "Airplane Mode with Reverse" mode, this value adjusts the throttle signal value for -100% "reverse" throttle. If user does the "throttle calibration" via the stick programing, this value will automatically set itself. However, user may choose to manually set it.
E7	Throttle Calibration Zero	1.07ms	This Value adjusts what the ESC perceives is "off" throttle position. Different transmitter brand may have different values for this point. If the Transmitter point is higher than the ESC point, then the ESC will not arm. If user does the "throttle calibration" via the stick programing, this value will automatically set itself. However, user may choose to manually set it.
E8	Throttle Calibration MAX	1.93ms	This value adjusts what the ESC perceives is "max throttle" position. Different transmitter brand may have different values for this point. If the Transmitter point is lower than the ESC point, then it will not go to 100% throttle. If user does the "throttle calibration" via the stick programing, this value will automatically set itself. However, user may choose to manually set it.
E9	CPU Temperature Logging	Disabled	If enabled it allows the CPU temp of the ESC to recorded and monitored in the data log of the ESC. It can also be displayed in the UNSC Telemetry protocol in real time.
E10	External Control	Disabled	Optional setting to enable or disable the ability to turn on the motor from the SPROTO app using the below value E11 to adjust the throttle %
E11	Throttle Value	0%	If the above value E10 is set to enabled, you can use this adjustment to run the motor via the sproto app.

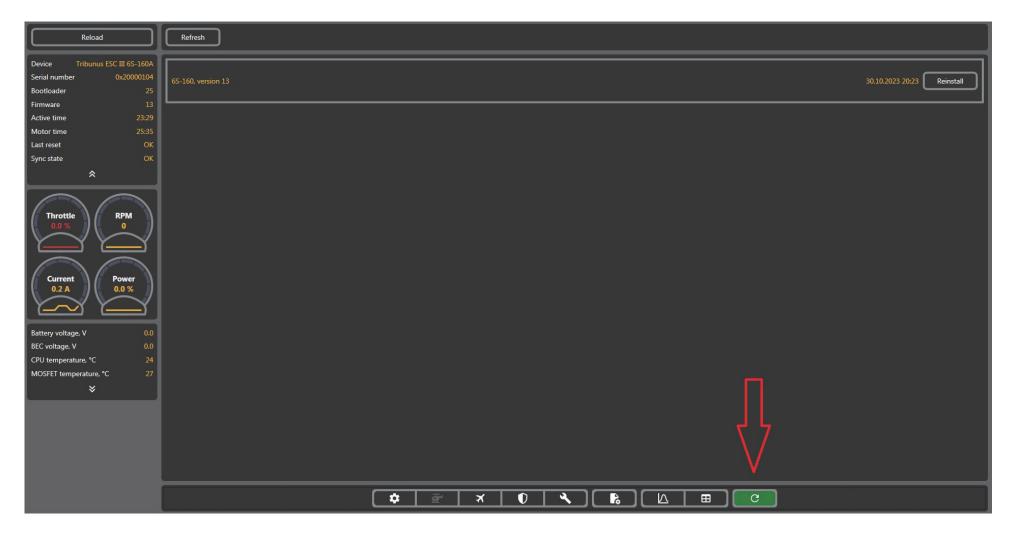
# 12.0 Firmware

#### \*\*\*You must be logged into your SPROTO account to be able to view / update the ESC firmware\*\*\*

It is very important to keep your Tribunus ESC up to date! As time goes on, we may improve the drive algorithm, protections, function, or fix bugs in the ESC firmware. Also, as other Transmitter update their software's, we may need to adjust our Firmware to adjust to their updated telemetry protocols.

NOTE: When you update the firmware, it will over write your existing setup parameters. This is a safety function to ensure no value gets set erroneously during the update process.

You should SAVE your settings PRIOR to doing the Firmware update if you wish to keep your previous settings. Learn how to save your settings in Section 15 of this manual.



# 13.0 Logs

Tribunus ESCs have a very good data logging function. Data is logged every ~0.2 seconds while running, and every ~1.1 second while idle. This data can be accessed in real time using our telemetry functions, but it can also be downloaded / viewed / saved / exported, using our SPROTO program.

The log data is stored on the ESC. When the memory is full it simply begins over writing previous data which was stored. The log can record several flights worth of data.

NOTE: In default setting, the RPM which is shown is the electrical RPM of the ESC. If you wish to show the actual prop / disc rpm, then make sure in your configuration tab you enter the proper pole pairs / gear ratio values prior to Loading the log data.

#### 13.1 How to access logs

#### Step 1: Connect your ESC to Sproto Program

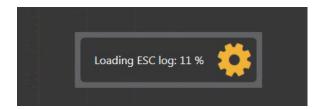
#### Step 2: Click into the Log Chart tab



#### Step 3: Update the Log



Step 4: Wait for the log to upload to Sproto from the ESC (may take some time depending on how full the log is)

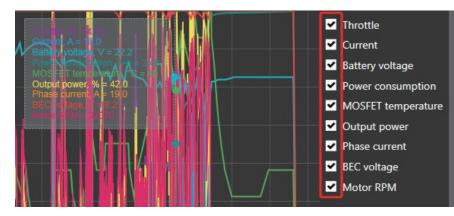




Update Log	Due to the amount of log data stored in the ESC, the log is not automatically downloaded when you connect the ESC. If you wish to view the log data, then while the ESC is connected to Sproto, you must click here, and Download the log data from the ESC.
Erase Log	Delete the log data from the ESC (not required to do so)
IMPORT	If you wish to view a previously exported log, you can use the "IMPORT" function to load in a previous exported log (.tgb format) for viewing / comparison purposes. NOTE: ESC does not need to be connected for this.
EXPORT	If you wish to save, or send the log data, then you can do so with the EXPORT function. Click here, and then save the data to your PC in the .tgb file format.
Save as CSV	If you wish to use the data outside of our Sproto program, then you may use this function to export the log data to .CSV format.

### 14.0 Filtering the Log Data

You can check / uncheck the checkmark next to the data to choose to view or not view the data in the log chart. This feature allows you to filter the data and view only the information which you wish.

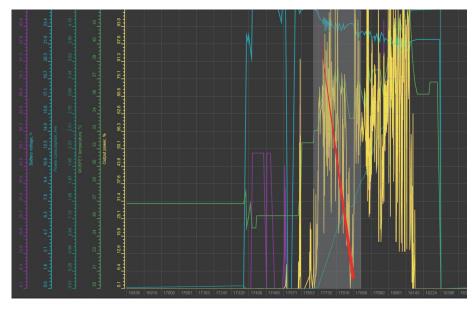


### 14.1 Navigate the Log Data

To zoom in on a section of the log, you can simply click and drag from the top left, to the bottom right of the section which you want to view. This will zoom the log to the section you wish to view.

You can then use the right mouse click, to move the move around the log, and the mouse scroll wheel to zoom in and out.

To zoom out, you can also drag from the bottom right to the top left.



### 14.2 Viewing the data in Table Format

You have the option to view the log data in Table format vs Chart format. This option lets you see more clearly the exact measured values at each specific time stamp. Additionally, in this Table Format, you can see Error codes which are flagged by the ESC.



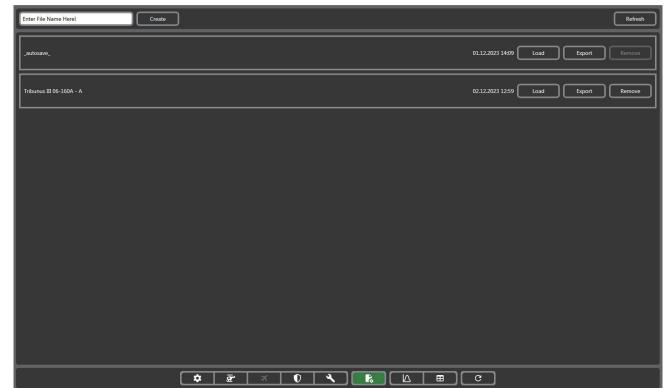
Note: The "time" stamp of the log data in the chart, and table format correlate. So, if you note the time stamps of an event in the chart log, then you can find the exact moment in the table format using the time stamp.

Update lo	ng Era	ise log								
Time, s	Throttle, %	Current, A	Battery voltage, V	Power consumption, A•h	MOSFET temperature, °C	Output power, %	Phase current, A	BEC voltage, V	Motor RPM	Errors
18969.0	36.0	5.9	23.2	0.048	24	43.0	9.1	4.9	25285	
18969.2	36.0	6.0	23.2	0.048	24	43.0	9.3	4.9	25290	
18969.5	36.0	5.9	23.2	0.048	24	43.0	9.1	4.9	25315	
18969.7	37.5	6.0	23.2	0.048	24	43.5	9.2	4.9	25430	
18969.9	41.5	6.8	23.1	0.048	24	46.5	10.3	4.9	27185	
18970.1	41.5	7.4	23.1	0.049	24	49.5	10.9	4.9	28905	
18970.3	41.5	7.6	23.1	0.049	24	49.5	11.3	4.9	29095	
18970.6	41.5	7.7	23.1	0.050	24	50.0	11.4	4.9	29085	
18970.8	43.5	8.2	23.1	0.050	24	51.0	12.2	4.9	29585	
18971.0	47.0	8.9	23.1	0.050	24	54.5	12.7	4.9	31490	
18971.2	47.0	9.8	23.0	0.052	24	57.0	13.7	4.9	32755	
18971.4	49.0	10.3	23.0	0.052	25	58.5	14.2	4.9	33605	
18971.6	52.5	11.1	23.0	0.053	25	62.0	14.7	4.9	35475	
18971.9	54.5	12.3	23.0	0.053	25	65.5	15.7	4.9	37380	
18972.1	58.5	13.8	22.9	0.053	25	69.0	17.1	4.9	39240	
18972.5	60.0	15.1	22.9	0.055	25	72.5	18.1	4.9	40790	
18972.7	62.0	15.9	22.9	0.057	25	75.0	18.5	4.9	42135	
18973.0	66.0	17.4	22.8	0.057	25	78.5	19.6	4.9	44070	>
18973.2	67.5	18.8	22.8	0.060	25	82.0	20.5	4.9	45965	
18973.4	69.5	20.5	22.7	0.060	25	86.0	21.5	4.9	47730	
18973.6	69.5	21.2	22.7	0.060	25	86.5	22.2	4.9	48195	
18973.8	69.5	21.5	22.7	0.063	25	86.5	22.5	4.9	48265	
18974.0	71.5	22.1	22.7	0.063	25	88.0	22.8	4.9	48955	
18974.3	73.0	23.5	22.6	0.066	25	91.0	23.6	4.9	50720	
18974.5	74.0	24.2	22.6	0.066	25	92.0	24.1	4.9	50910	
18974.7	73.0	24.4	22.6	0.066	25	91.5	24.5	4.9	50935	
18974.9	73.5	24.3	22.6	0.069	25	92.0	24.2	4.9	50935	
18975.1	73.0	24.5	22.6	0.069	25	92.0	24.5	4.9	51075	
18975.4	73.0	24.4	22.6	0.073	25	91.5	24.5	4.9	50760	
18975.6	70.0	24.1	22.6	0.073	25	90.5	24.4	4.9	50255	
18975.8	60.5	22.6	22.6	0.073	25	87.0	23.7	4.9	48435	
18976.0	59.5	20.8	22.6	0.076	25	83.5	22.5	4.9	46615	
18976.2	60.0	19.3	22.7	0.076	25	79.5	21.8	4.9	44885	
18976.5	61.0	17.5	22.7	0.078	25	76.0	20.4	4.9	42895	
18976.7	67.5	17.8	22.7	0.078	25	79.0	20.0	4.9	44240	

Note: You can also easily highlight columns of log data in the "Table" Form and use these to paste into external programs such as Excel / Google Sheets, etc.

# **15.0 Setting Files**

Users can save current ESC settings into the SPROTO program, and re load them into other ESC / send the setup file if needed.

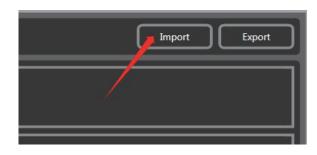


	Enter a file name, and click Create to save the current ESC settings onto the
Create	SPROTO APP which can be viewed in the list of "Saved Settings"
LOAD	Load the setup file parameters into the Sproto program. NOTE: Loading the parameters, only changes the value in Sproto, but does NOT send them to the ESC. If you wish to send these changes values to the ESC, you must click to one of the other setup tabs, inspect the values, then click "Upload" to send the settings to the ESC.
EXPORT	Save the setting file onto your PC (.json file)
REMOVE	Remove a Saved Setting, from the list shown in Saved Setting tab of Sproto.

#### 15.1 Import Settings directly from PC to ESC

To directly import a previously saved .json file to your ESC. Click into any of the settings tabs, and look for the "IMPORT" button. Then select the .json file and load it.

Note: Loading the .json file only populates the settings in the sproto program. After checking settings, you must click "upload" to send them to the ESC.



#### **15.2 Export Settings directly from ESC to PC**

To directly export your setting file to the PC. Click into any of the settings tabs, and look for the "EXPORT" button. Then set a file name, and save the .json file to you PC.



# **16.0 Rated Temperature and Conditions**

- The components in Scorpion ESCs have an operational temperature rating between -25C to 105C.
- For general operation
- -25C 50C is Safe for operation.
- 50C 65C is good operating temp for continual usage.
- 65C 85C is safe for use in intervals.
- 85C 100C is ok for peak burst only.
- Long Term Storage (optimal)

If storing the product for long term (years), then the more important thing is humidity than temp. But optimal range would be 5C - 25C with less than 50-60% humidity.

# 17.0 Rated Power / Current Capabilities and ESC Cooling

- It should be noted that the rated power / current capabilities of the ESC as found on Scorpion Powers Systems website are only approximate values, based on standard use case scenarios, in specified conditions\*.
- Exact power / current capability will depend on your exact installation and the user should take extreme precaution and measurements to ensure the ESC is not over loaded causing over temperature.
- If you have restricted cooling ability, high ambient temperatures, or extended Duty Cycle, the Power / Current Rating should be reduce.
- The rated Power / Current capability is with little to no safety margin. User should accommodate for adequate safety margin depending on their exact application.
- Over temperature due to improper usage will damage the ESC and void your warranty.

\*Duty Cycle is specified as 60 seconds at 100% throttle for continuous rating, and 5 – 60 seconds at 100% throttle for peak rating, with forced airflow cooling of at least 30m/s with ~30C ambient Air Temperature.

R	Rated Power Changes According To Ambient Temperature*									
Ambient Temperature	< 30°C	35°C	40°C	45°C	50°C	55°C	60°C			
% Power Ratio	100	97	95	93	87	82	78			

Approximate % Power Ratio for reference only. Exact % Power Ratio depends on your exact application accounting for all parameters\*

R	Rated Power Changes According To Airflow Cooling Speed*									
Airflow Cooling Speed	> 30m/s	25m/s	20m/s	15m/s	10m/s	5m/s	0m/s			
% Power Ratio	100	95	93	87	80	70	50			

Approximate % Power Ratio for reference only. Exact % Power Ratio depends on your exact application accounting for all parameters\*

Rated Power Changes According To Duty Cycle*									
Duty Cycle	< 1 min	2 mins	5 mins	10 mins	30 mins	60 mins	>60 mins		
% Power Ratio	100	82	72	60	54	50	45		

Approximate % Power Ratio for reference only. Exact % Power Ratio depends on your exact application accounting for all parameters\*

# 18.0 ESC Lifespan

- ESC components are subject to component degridation over time / use which may reduce the capability for the ESC, or cause eventual failure.
- Due to the infinite number of variables surround the use case of the ESC, the exact rate of degradation can not be accurately predicted.
- In ideal conditions the ESC is generally rated for maximum of up to 10,000 hour of use.
- NOTE: Due to the inability to monitor the exact ESC use conditions, the above lifespan can not be used as reference in regard to warranty claims / period.

The ESC warranty is specified on our website www.scorpionsystem.com

# **19.0 Faults During Operation**

- Deviations from conditions during normal operation, such as an increase in power consumption, temperatures, unusual noises or odors, etc., indicate that the ESC is not functioning properly. This can cause faults which can result in eventual or immediate fault, severe injury, or material damage.
- If you are in doubt, immediately switch off the ESC.
- If you are in doubt, contact an authorized Scorpion Re-seller or email support@spihk.com

# 20.0 Instructional Guide for using Tribunus ESC's with Power Supply or Long Power input cable in flight or for bench testing / endurance testing

Scorpion Tribunus ESC's are designed for use in Flight Applications. This implies that in the stock configuration, the Tribunus ESC's are designed to work <u>only</u> with a form of battery as power input, and reasonably short length of battery wires.

Tribunus ESC's are **NOT** designed to be used with <u>POWER SUPPLIES</u>, or exceptionally <u>LONG POWER INPUT</u> cables, without additional precautions. Using the Tribunus ESC's in these situations, without the additional required precautions may damage your ESC and will <u>VOID THE WARRANTY</u>. See specific details below.

#### Using the Tribunus ESC's with Power Supply for bench testing -

Using a power supply to power an ESC while spinning a motor is an exceptionally bad idea unless proper precautions are taken. In many situations, BLDC motors act as generators which can create current which gets fed back to the ESC. In a normal situation with a battery, this generated current gets absorbed by the battery. However, most power supplies (even high-quality ones) do not have the same capability to absorb, or dissipate this generated current. The result is that the power supply can generate a very high, instantaneous, voltage spike. If the voltage spike is above the capability of the ESC components, then it will directly damage your ESC.

#### If you are required to power your Tribunus ESC with a power supply, then you must take the necessary precautions or else you will VOID your warranty!

In order to stabilize the voltage and protect the ESC from damage when used in this situation, you must have a way to absorb generated current. This can be either a very large, high voltage, and high capacitance capacitor, or even a lipo battery which is connected in line to the power supply (ensure power supply voltage, is not higher than the battery voltage). In the case of capacitors, the amount of capacitance required, depends on your exact use case, so please take this into your calculations prior to testing using a power supply. If you are unsure and unable to calculate this, then we recommend only that you simply use a battery to power your ESC.

#### Using the Tribunus ESC's on a test stand or even in flight with very long power input cables -

Over long length of wires, Voltage will fluctuate / sag. If you are using longer then stock length power input cables from your battery to the ESC (in the case of a bench test stand where the motor / ESC is far away from the battery, or even in large aircraft where the battery is located far away from the ESC), and pulling high current loads, then this can cause the voltage to sag and become unstable. This unstable voltage is very hard on the ESC components and likely will lead to ESC failure.

#### If you are required to power your Tribunus ESC with very long power input cables, then you must take the necessary precaution or else you will VOID your warranty!

In order to stabilize the voltage and protect the ESC from damage when used in this situation, you will need to add additional capacitors before the ESC. We recommend to solder 1 x Scorpion 80V 1880UF Capacitor board for each 1M length of wire. Doing this will provide stable voltage along the length of the wire and protect your ESC from damage.

#### Scorpion 80V 1880uF Capacitor board

https://www.scorpionsystem.com/catalog/speed\_controllers/accessories\_2/cap\_boards\_filters/80V\_188uf\_cap\_mount/

If you have additional questions about this topic, and require more information, then please do not hesitate to contact us at

support@spihk.com



# 21.0 Troubleshooting Tips

#### 1. ESC will not connect to SPROTO

- Make sure you PC is connected to the internet so that the drivers may automatically download from the internet. This may take some time, so be sure to wait sufficient time and check the driver install status.
- If the drivers do not download automatically, be sure you have the proper driver downloaded and saved into the proper file location. Check Section 3.1 for more details on the best way to download your drivers.
- If using USB cable to connect, be sure that it is a "Data" cable and not only a "charging" cable.
   If It is a charging only cable then it will not work.
- If using a laptop or PC which is Bluetooth enabled, please disable Bluetooth function while trying to connect the ESC to Sproto. Sometimes the PC can try to connect via a Bluetooth comport, rather than the USB comport.
- Be sure you are using the Tribunus III Configurator, and not the Tribunus I or II Configurator. Check **Section 6.0** for more details.
- Make sure your USB cable is not worn out with intermittent connection.
- Try power cycling your PC.
- If using the Vlink II cable, then be sure that you are also using the "diode cable" between the Vlink II cable, and the ESC. A normal male to male servo extension will NOT work, and may damage your ESC and/or PC USB ports.
- If using Vlink II cable, be sure you are applying battery power when trying to connect to the PC.
- If using the Vlink II cable, make sure all connections are made correctly! Check the connection
  orientation of the vlink II cable into the diode adaptor, and also check to make sure your cable
  it plugged correctly into the PC port of your ESC.
- If you have previously selected Unsolicited telemetry mode, then please note the following important point. The ESC will only be looking for USB connection for the first 5 seconds of powering on. After these seconds, it will switch to sending telemetry data, and will no longer connect to the USB port of your PC. Therefore, connection to the SPROTO program, must happen within the first 3-5 seconds of powering on your ESC!
- 2. I created an account on SPROTO, but did not receive the confirmation code by email
- Be sure to check your junk / spam folder.
- Some email servers, block the emails from our server. There is nothing we can do about this. If the confirmation code continually does not arrive, then please email us at <u>support@spihk.com</u> and we can help you log in.
- Try to use a different email address from a different email provider.
- 3. When I try to register and account on Sproto, there is no "Register" button and I can not create or log into my account
- Some PC have issue with the operating language which is set on your PC.
- Change your operating language setting of your PC to English, and attempt again.

# 4. When using Vbar Gov, my RPM does not change and is only at a fixed value

- The RPM signal is passed through the signal wire of the salve BEC cable.
- Be sure to plug the Slave cable into the RPM port, of your VBAR NEO.
- Do NOT plug into the "sensor port".

#### 5. My Throttle Calibration does not work

- Some radio systems (specifically Spektrum), first output a "failsafe signal" prior to binding, which may interfere with the calibration process and require additional steps. Check **Section 2.3** for more information.
- Be sure to check that your cabling is proper, and that the MASTER BEC cable, is going to your throttle port of your RX.
- Be sure that your throttle direction is set correctly so low throttle is ~1000 us, and high throttle is ~2000us. Specifically, with Futaba, you may need to reverse your throttle channel direction.
- Be sure you do not have a throttle hold enabled when trying to do the calibration.

#### 6. My ESC keeps beeping after the power on sound

- Be sure to have done the throttle calibration as explained in Section 2.3.
- Double check your connections to make sure the MASTER BEC cable is plugging into the Throttle Channel Port of your RX.

#### 7. My motor won't spin even if I raise the throttle %

- The ESC won't allow the motor to spin unless it first sees 0% throttle during initialization. Be sure your throttle is correctly calibrated as explained in Section 2.3.
- In heli mode, the motor will not spin until the throttle percentage reached above 30% signal. Be sure you raise the throttle % high enough to start the motor spinning in this mode.
- Be sure to check the 3 x phase connections and ensure no issue with your soldering or connectors.
- The ESC may not run if the USB cable was plugged in during initialization. Please unplug the USB cable during initialization. You can plug it back in after the ESC has initialized.
- The ESC will not spin if protection functions are active. Check the log to ensure no protections are currently activated.

#### 8. My ESC runs hot / keeps going into over temperature protection mode

- Check your ESC log, and ensure your maximum amp peaks are not higher than the ESC is rated for.
- Check your gear ratio / propeller choice, to make sure that you are not excessively loading the power system at low throttle percentages. This causes high phase current peaks, and may contribute to over temperature problems. More information about this topic in Section 10.1.
- Check your cooling and airflow to the ESC, and be sure to remove any straps or obstructions blocking the cooling fins.
- Be sure to use one of our Hi-speed cooling fans to your ESC.

- 9. Towards full power, my rpm seems to cut down drastically or be inconsistent
- Check your Log to ensure you are not pulling to many amps which is enabling the overcurrent protections of the ESC.
- Check your Log to ensure your battery voltage is not dropping excessively signaling a bad battery, or weak connection.
- Some high power/ high inductance motors, or motors with cheap quality materials, have
  prolonged demagnetization time periods which would lead to desynchronization. In these
  situations, to prevent desync, Tribunus limits power. Check your propeller / gear ratio to
  ensure your motor is operating within its limits. Try a smaller prop, or shallower gear ratio.

# 10. During / at the end of my flight, the RPM / Power cuts down to a lower power amount

- This likely is caused by the Protections being activated. Be sure to check the log to ensure no protections are being activated such as over temp, or battery capacity protection. (Section 10.0 for more information).

#### 11. My ESC keeps shutting down while flying

- There is no function of the Tribunus ESC which will "hard cut" the motor during flight. If the motor stops in flight it is likely caused by an external factor.
- Check your motor and ESC phase connections. Ensure proper soldering. NOTE: That motor
  phase wires cannot be shortened! There is an enamel coating on the motor windings, which
  prevent solid soldering connection to be made even if it appears to be well soldered. If you
  have an inconsistent soldering connection, then it will cause the motor to stop spinning.
- Check your battery connectors for proper soldering.
- Check your BEC cables to ensure no cuts in the wires, or disconnection issues.
- Check your mechanics to ensure no issues with your drive train (one way bearing, loose prop, etc).

# 12. The capacity put back in my battery after charging does not match the amount the ESC telemetry says I used

- The capacity measurement of a Tribunus ESC is subject to quite a wide production tolerance in regards to the Capacity measuring.
- You can adjust the current measurement up to +/- 30% in Sproto Program under configuration tab / (E4) Current Measurement Adjustment.

#### 13. The RPM displayed is not accurate

- Some radio systems do their own RPM calculations in the radio. So, you must enter specific settings in regard to the pole count / gear ratio in order for the 2 systems to work together.
   Please check documentation of your Radio / FBL system if this is needed.
- You must have the Pole Pair, and gear ratio entered in SPROTO setup, in order for the RPM to display a proper value in the log data.
- Be sure you have entered proper gear ratio.
- Be sure you have entered pole "pairs" not pole count in Sproto Settings.

# 14. Current displayed from the ESC compared to actual current (measured with an external amp meter) is different.

- The capacity measurement of a Tribunus ESC is subject to quite a wide production tolerance in regards to the Capacity measuring.
- You can adjust the current sensitivity gain up to +/- 30% in Sproto Program under configuration tab / (E4) Current Measurement Adjustment.
- 15. My motor acceleration seems slow (airplane mode) even if I lower the acceleration runup time
- Quick motor accelerations contribute to high phase currents, and prolonged de-mag time which may cause issues with your ESC.
- With our latest protections, if the requested acceleration is too fast for the ESC to safely handle, it will automatically slow down the acceleration time to prevent further issue.
- Change your propeller to a smaller / lighter one.

# 16. My Governor RPM is very inconsistent and overshoots all the time (Heli mode)

- This can happen when you have a mismatch of settings between the FBL system, and the Scorpion ESC. For example, if ESC is running Scorpion Internal Gov, and your FBL system is also running its own internal gov, then the 2 governors will fight against each other.
- Be sure your ESC and FBL unit, are both set so they are using compatible gov modes.

#### 17. Is it important to update my ESC Firmware?

YES! Extremely Important!

# 18. On my VBAR Control Touch Radio, I get constant RED WARNING SCREEN which tell me to land immediately

- If you see this warning screen you should of course adhere to the warning and be sure to check your model setup, and also your ESC log for any protection functions being activated.
- If the Warning continually happens at random, or when there is no actual protection issue, then it can only happen if there is a mismatch in your TX / ESC firmware. Be sure to update both your TX and your ESC to the latest firmware and the problem should resolve itself.
- 19. My ESC jumps straight to full throttle half way through the Slow Start Spool up (heli mode)
- Check value B9 Governor Maximum RPM and make sure an appropriate value is set. See Section 8.0 for more details.
- Swap back to "Heli Gov with Recalculated Maximum RPM", Upload settings, then change again into "Heli Gov with Prestored Maximum RPM" and try to upload settings again.

#### 20. In Heli Governor Mode the maximum RPM is not high enough

- The maximum RPM of the governor system is auto calculated by the ESC. Depending on your motor or gear ratio, the calculated maximum RPM may be lower (or higher) then what the desired maximum RPM could be.
- If you want to manually set the maximum RPM of the governor, you can set it with value B9 Gov maximum RPM.
- See section 8.0 for more information.

#### 21. My Tail kicks during spool up (Heli mode)

- Be sure you have properly set acceleration values in the Heli Settings.
- Refer to Section 8.0 for more information about the various acceleration rates.

#### 22. My ESC doesn't work now, makes only a "click" noise over and over

- The clicking noise signifies that the ESC is attempting to power up, but detects some fault, so therefore shuts back down again to prevent further damage.
- This means likely your ESC or motor has some issue and will need to be serviced.
- Please contact <a href="mailto:support@spihk.com">support@spihk.com</a> or your local dealer for further assistance

#### 23. The LED on my ESC / the BEC on my ESC doesn't power on

- If the ESC detects a fault, it will stop itself from powering on to prevent further damage.
- This means likely your ESC or motor has some issue and will need to be serviced.
- Please contact <a href="mailto:support@spihk.com">support@spihk.com</a> or your local dealer for further assistance.

#### 24. My capacitors are puffed, or were damaged in a crash. Can I fly it?

- **Absolutely not!** The capacitors act as a buffer to help stabilize the voltage going to your ESC. Operating the ESC with damaged capacitors will cause further damage.
- Please contact <a href="mailto:support@spihk.com">support@spihk.com</a> or your local dealer for further assistance.

#### 25. When I move my servos quickly my BEC shuts down

- Some servos create massive voltage spikes when operating which can trip the BEC protections.
- See Section 1.6 for more information.

#### 26. How can I adjust my ESC Timing or Frequency?

- Note: Tribunus has dynamic timing and frequency, so there is no user adjustment. The ESC sets it automatically and dynamically depending on the motor rpm and load.

#### 27. My cooling fan is always spinning and not temperature controlled

 Pay attention to the plug orientation. If you plug the fan with the ground wire toward the switch symbol, it will be temperature controlled. If you plug the ground wire towards the ground (-) symbol, the fan will be always on.

# 22.0 Special Notes

#### 22.1 Airplane with Reverse Mode - Throttle Calibration

In Airplane with Reverse Mode the point at which the motor rpm direction would reverse and the point which is for maximum "reverse" power needs to be set.

- 22.1.1 Be sure your ESC is set to "Airplane with Reverse Mode" in adjustment A2 Device Mode
- 22.1.2 Turn on transmitter and power up receiver, then set throttle to maximum position, be sure that your throttle curve is set at 0% minimum throttle and 100% at maximum throttle.
- 22.1.3 Connect the battery to the ESC. After few seconds you will hear **one** beep. Now move your throttle to the lowest position (full reverse power) within a 3 second time period, then you will hear two beeps, then raise your throttle stick to the desired "zero" point (where the rpm direction would reverse), and you will hear another beep and then the POS Morse code come from the motor. This mean your calibration is done. You only need to do this once as throttle range will be stored in the memory of the speed controller. You can reset the throttle range by performing steps 22.1.1 to 22.1.3 again.
- 22.1.4 The endpoints and zero point can also be set manually in the configuration tab in parameter E6 E8.

# 23.0 Importance of Proper Gearing (Helicopter use)

As a performance Brushless Motor and ESC manufacture, we feel it necessary to help teach our customers about the importance of proper gearing. Incorrect gearing can lead to higher battery and phase currents, which will degrade the performance of your model and may contribute to the premature failure of your Motor or ESC.

Most Helicopters rely on a Brushless motor, spinning very fast, and then use mechanical gearing to slow down the RPM to the disc. The motors have an optimal RPM, and amp loading range, and therefore need to be matched to the use case (disc size / desired RPM), by adjusting the motor kv, battery voltage, and pinion. If your gearing is out of range it can lead to a number of problems. A more basic example of this is to imagine going 20mph in your car while in 5th gear. Or vice versa, trying to go 70mph in 2nd gear. It will not work well!

If your gearing is to steep, then the motor is operating outside of its optimal efficiency rpm range, and additionally would lose its mechanical advantage. This would then require the motor to use what we call "brute amps" to try and push the motor through the load which you are using on it. This causes not only higher battery amps (which cause hotter running components), the compounding effect of this, is higher PHASE CURRENT peaks to your ESC. This is because since your motor is over geared, your ESC is having to drive the motor at partial throttle percentages, which intern raises even further your phase current amount. Read section 11.1 for more information.

You may use our Scorpion Head Speed Calculator App to help you calculate your optimal Disc RPM. This app takes into account efficiency losses and also takes into account "headroom" for the governor to operate. https://www.scorpionsystem.com/files/download/Scoprion\_headspeed\_calc\_1.0.zip

**Example A (proper gearing)** | - 700 disc size model, with HKII-4525-520kv motor, Tribunus II 12-130A ESC, 12 cell battery (44.4V) with 10.4:1 gear ratio. Using our Head Speed Calculator app, we can calculate the optimal RPM is 2030 rpm. Customer should fly highest rpm around 2030 rpm (which would pull around 130A peak), and can use lower throttle percentages and lower rpms while flying in a smoother manner.

**Example B (proper gearing)** | -700 disc size model, with HKII-4525-520kv motor, Tribunus II+ 14-200A ESC, 12 cell battery (44.4V) with 9.6:1 gear ratio. Using our Head Speed Calculator app, we can calculate the optimal RPM is 2150 rpm. Customer should fly highest rpm around 2150 rpm (which would pull around 180A peak), and can use lower throttle percentages and lower rpms while flying in a smoother manner.

Example C (improper gearing) | -700 disc size model, with HK5-5024-535kv motor, Tribunus II+ 14-200A ESC, 12 cell battery (44.4V) with 9.6:1 gear ratio. Using our Head Speed Calculator app, we can calculate the optimal RPM is 2300 rpm. Customer thinks the high kv and steep gearing will give "more power", but it only running 2000rpm. Customer uses 15%-20% lower throttle percentages to achieve 2000rpm but still flies in an aggressive way. Due to the improper gearing the motor is not in its optimal range and will pull higher amps (let us say 180A), then due to the partial throttle percentages, his ESC phase current could actually be over 220+ amps.

Customer should change pinion to smaller one, around 10,6:1 Gear ratio, and run 2100rpm with less collective pitch.

Example D (improper gearing) | -700 disc size light weight model, with HKIV – 4025 – 1100kv motor, Tribunus III 06-160A ESC, 6 cell battery (22.2V) with 10.8:1 gear ratio. Using our Head Speed Calculator app, we can calculate the optimal RPM is 2080 rpm. Since such a larger disc on low voltage would pull very high amps, customer thinks he can just lower the throttle percentage down to run lower RPMs. Customer uses 30-35% lower throttle percentages to achieve 1500rpm and flies in a moderate way. Due to the improper gearing the motor is not in its optimal range and due to the large disc it will pull higher amps (let us say 120A), but then due to the partial throttle percentages, his ESC phase current could actually be over 170+ amps. Customer should use lower kv motor.

Example E (proper gearing) | -700 disc size light weight model, with HKII-4225-810kv motor, Tribunus II 06-120A ESC, 6 cell battery (22.2V) with 10.8 gear ratio. Using our Head Speed Calculator app, we can calculate the optimal RPM is 1530 rpm. Customer should fly highest rpm around 1530 rpm (which would pull around 100A peak), and can use lower throttle percentages and lower rpms while flying in a smoother manner.

**Example D (improper gearing)** -570 disc size model, with HKIV – 4025 – 1100kv motor, Tribunus II 12-130S ESC, 7 cell battery (23.1) with 8.8:1 gear ratio. Using our Head Speed Calculator app, we can calculate the optimal RPM is 2600 rpm. Customer thinks using a 7s battery instead of 6s battery will give "less amps for equal power", customer thinks he can just lower the throttle percentage down to run lower RPMs. Customer uses 20% lower throttle percentages to achieve 2300rpm and flies in an aggressive way. Due to the improper gearing the motor is not in its optimal range and due to higher voltage, it will be able to pull higher amps (let us say 160A), but then due to the partial throttle percentages, his ESC phase current could actually be over 175+ amps.

Customer needs to change gearing to ~10.1 : 1 to get the motor back into its optimal RPM range.

# 24.0 After Sales Service

Scorpion ESC are backed by a 1-year manufacture warranty. This covers defects related to manufacture production issues which have led to improper function or failure. The warranty does not cover user induced failures / damages. Examples of User induced damages include, but are not limited to, crashing, cutting the wires, capacitor connection failure (due to vibration / improper mounting), etc. Examples of User induced failures include, but are not limited to, prop size, over current (see section 11.1) excessive battery wire length causing voltage ripple (see section 16), improper cooling / over temperature, improper acceleration settings, etc.

If you have questions or issues with your Scorpion Tribunus ESC, or would like to begin a warranty / repair claim, please contact the shop it was purchased from, or write us at support@spihk.com.



Scorpion Power System LTD Tribunus III (14 cell) Manual Updated: February, 15<sup>th</sup>,2025